# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### according to UN-GHS (rev. 7)

Blaser TP 266

Section 1. Identif	ication
Product identifier	: Blaser TP 266
Article No.	: 40266-04
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Industrial use only. Metal working fluids	
Uses advised against	
Consumer use.	
Manufacturer	: BLASER SWISSLUBE AG Winterseistrasse 22 CH-3415 Hasle-Rüegsau Switzerland Tel:+41 (0)34 460 01 01 E-Mail: contact@blaser.com
Supplier's details	: Blaser Swisslube Solutions Private Limited 1001, 10th Floor, Time Tower, Main MG Road, Sector 28 IN-Gurgaon, Pin-122 002 Tel:+91 (0) 124-4994000 E-Mail: india@blaser.com
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: reach@blaser.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 000 800 100 7479 (24h/7d)
Section 2. Hazard	l identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	

Hazard pictograms

Signal word







Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H303 + H313 + H333 - May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P264 + P265 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P304 + P317 - IF INHALED: Get medical help.</li> <li>P301 + P317 - IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.</li> <li>P302 + P317 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Get medical help. Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P317 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.</li> <li>P332 + P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.</li> </ul>
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	≥10 - ≤25	CAS: 68002-96-0 EC: 614-209-5
1-aminopropan-2-ol	≤10	CAS: 78-96-6 EC: 201-162-7
Fatty acids, castor-oil, polymd.	≤10	CAS: 68604-47-7 EC: 614-641-4
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	≤10	CAS: 53980-88-4 EC: 939-424-4
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	≤5	CAS: 154518-38-4 EC: 800-484-0
2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol	≤3	CAS: 115-70-8 EC: 204-101-2
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	≤3	CAS: 124-68-5 EC: 204-709-8
Phosphoric acid, mono- and bis(C16-20-branched and linear alkyl) esters	≤3	CAS: 97468-33-2 EC: 946-101-1
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	≤3	CAS: 110-25-8 EC: 203-749-3
Date of issue/Date of revision       : 5. Nov. 2024       Date of previous issue	: 18. Oct. 2024	Version : 1.04 2/13 IN



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≤1	CAS: 61791-44-4
	EC: 620-540-6
≤1	CAS: 101-83-7 EC: 202-980-7
	LC. 202-900-7
≤0.3	CAS: 96-20-8 EC: 202-488-2
≤0.1	CAS: 3811-73-2 EC: 223-296-5
≤0.1	CAS: 4299-07-4 EC: 420-590-7

#### Additional information :

Neutralisation product: Equilibrium of Ionic Pairs according to REACH Annex V, 4.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	ects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: May be harmful if inhaled.			

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Skin contact	: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	



# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.		
Methous and materials for co		anment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.		

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

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Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F). Shelf life: 24 months. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

None.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measured	<u>iures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile gloves. thickness 0.3 mm (minimum).
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Color	: Yellowish.			
Odor	: Amine-like.			
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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	∶ 8.6 to 9.6 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Pour point	: <0°C (<32°F)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: Not applicable.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.95 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 129.1 mm²/s (129.1 cSt)
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Shelf life: 24 months.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Alcohols, C16-18,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
ethoxylated propoxylated					
1-aminopropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1851 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2098 mg/kg	-	
Fatty acids, castor-oil,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
polymd.					
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction	LD50 Oral	Rat	6176 mg/kg	-	
products with acrylic acid					
Phosphoric acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
C11-14-isoalkyl esters,					
C13-rich					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	
Phosphoric acid, mono- and	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
bis(C16-20-branched and					
linear alkyl) esters					
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	
9-octadecenyl)glycine					
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	
tallow alkyl derivs.					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1350 mg/kg	-	
dicyclohexylamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	200 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	200 mg/kg	-	
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1800 mg/kg	-	
sodium salt					
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1208 mg/kg	-	
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	
3-one			1007 1 1705		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4267 to 4732	-	
			mg/kg		

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin Eyes

- : pH value Used for classification
- : pH value Used for classification

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	Category 1	-	nervous system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	;	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May be harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	1	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	May be harmful if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	;	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates



# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Blaser TP 266	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-aminopropan-2-ol	N/A	1851	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, castor-oil, polymd.	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	6176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	1350	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dicyclohexylamine	200	200	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminobutan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	500	790	N/A	N/A	0.5

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1-aminopropan-2-ol	Acute LC50 210 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Phosphoric acid,	EC50 150 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich			
	EC50 6.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 24 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 110 mg/l	Algae	-
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LC50 193 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo- 9-octadecenyl)glycine	LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
dicyclohexylamine	Acute EC50 70.1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	EC50 0.0012 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 0.0088 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol- 3-one	EC50 0.45 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 0.093 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 0.15 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo- 9-octadecenyl)glycine	-	85%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

LogPow	BCF	Potential
-0.96	-	Low
-0.63	-	Low
3.5 to 4.2	-	Low
2.724	459	Low
-0.45	-	Low
	-0.96 -0.63 3.5 to 4.2 2.724	-0.96 -0.63 3.5 to 4.2 2.724 459

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: 5. Nov. 2024 Date of previous issue

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#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and
	runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1 International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### 15.2 Other regulations

Chemical Safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out. Assessment VISSLUBE



## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5. Nov. 2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5. Nov. 2024
Date of previous issue	: 18. Oct. 2024
Version	: 1.04
Prepared by	: Product Stewardship Blaser Swisslube AG
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50 = Median lethal concentration LD50 = Median lethal dose LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 5 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 5 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Expert judgment

References

: Not available.

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### IP346:

The contained refined mineral oils are exempt of labelling. The content of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PCA) according to IP346 is < 3% (DMSO-extract).

#### Other EU regulations :

#### **REACH**:

Herewith, we confirm that all our products fulfill all the requirements of REACH regulation. All of the raw materials used in our products are either REACH registered or exempt from registration.

#### **ROHS:**

BLASER Swisslube products are fully compliant with Annex II of DIRECTIVE 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) and do not contain the following substances above their respective limitations:

Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE), Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), Butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP), Dibutyl phthalate (DBP), Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP), chromium Cr<sup>6</sup>+-compounds, Heavy metals (Lead or it's compounds, cadmium or it's compounds, mercury or it's compounds).

#### SVHC:

Herewith we confirm that, with the exceptions of Additive A38 (art.-no. 29182-02), our cutting and grinding fluids do not contain any Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) above the regulatory cut-off limit of 0.1%.

#### Notice to reader

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## Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.